

4 O'CLOCK P. M.
CITY EDITION

The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 21, 1914.

THE
WEATHER

TONIGHT AND
THURSDAY IN-
CREASING CLO-
UDINESS; PROB-
ABLY SNOW IN
NORTH PORTION



Forty-fourth Year—No. 18—Price Five Cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah

FIRE RAGES IN BOSTON MINE OF THE UTAH COPPER COMPANY

Two Bingham Miners Cut Off From Escape in Tunnel—All Efforts to Rescue Imprisoned Men Fail—Officials Attempt to Penetrate Mine But Are Overcome by Smoke.

FLAMES EAT INTO GREAT MASS OF TIMBERS

Oxygen Helmet Rushed From Salt Lake and Mine Rescue Expert With Two More Helmets and a Pulmotor Hurrying to Scene of Trouble From Castle Gate—Expected to Arrive Late Today.

Bingham, Utah, Jan. 21.—Two miners, whose names had not been learned at noon, were cut off from escape by a fire in the tunnel of the Boston mine of the Utah Copper company here today. All early efforts to rescue them have failed. Assistant Superintendent J. D. Shilling, Jr., accompanied by two other officials, tried to penetrate the mine but soon after disappeared at the portal dragging his companions, who had been overcome.

The flames are confined to the timbers of which there is a large amount in the mine, which produces copper. An oxygen helmet is being rushed here from Salt Lake and a mine rescue expert with two helmets and a pulmotor will arrive late today from Castle Gate, Utah.

MORMON CHURCH ACCUSES SLAVER

Federal Agents Arrest Man on Charge of Violating White Slave Act.

TAKES GIRL TO COAST

Former Member of President Smith's Household Enticed Away by Married Man.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 21.—Accused by officers of the Mormon church in this city, Thomas Major, aged 29, was arrested here today by federal agents and charged with violation of the Mann white slave act in having brought from Utah Nellie Hawthorne, aged 21, formerly a member of the household of Joseph F. Smith, president of the Mormon church.

The girl came to this city early this month on money alleged to have been supplied to her by Major, who is said to have a wife and two children in Scotland.

Federal officials said the action of the Los Angeles Mormon dignitaries in reporting the case of Major was the result of a direct telegraphic request from church headquarters in Salt Lake City.

R. M. POSTAL CLERKS HOLD ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At a well-attended meeting of the Railway Postal Clerks who reside in Ogden the following officers were elected for the coming year:

President, Herbert H. Snyder; vice president, H. S. Lublin; secretary, Frank W. Joesten; treasurer, Hugh M. Arnel.

The association's membership shows an increase of 50 per cent over last year and this is accounted for by the liberal allowance made by the postal department to the lines heading out of this city, train No. 9 and the De Luxe No. 1 being allowed more clerks to distribute the rapidly increasing mail.

A feeling of satisfaction pervaded the meeting throughout and no grievances of any kind were brought to the attention of the executive officers of the local branch.

One of the clerks said yesterday: "The rapidly growing parcels post department, which is saving to the people millions of dollars and at the same time producing a handsome revenue to the government, while breaking up an intolerable express monopoly, has called for an increase of 2,900 postal clerks, and Ogden, like other important terminals, will receive its full share of the new apportionment. This brings the railway mail service force up nearly 21,000 men. This increase in the operating department is the most liberal allowance that has been made in twenty years or more and will do much to improve the railway mail service in every part of the United States."

"The Hon. Postmaster General Albert C. Burleson, who ordered this new increase on recommendation of General Superintendent O. H. Steph-

ens, formerly superintendent of this division, is certainly proving to be an efficient as well as humane postmaster general and is rapidly winning back the good will and loyalty of the men of all departments of the postal service, which suffered a serious setback under the preceding administration, and that this statement is based upon facts is shown in the late crisis in the Christmas rush, when the working force was put to the test, occasioned by the parcels post wave, which temporarily threatened to swamp all departments of the mail service. All members of the association heartily concurred in a resolution that never before in the history of the postal service have the relations of the department and the operating force been more harmonious and satisfactory.

"Superintendent Edward McGrath, who now is in charge of this division, was formally a postal clerk on the California fast mail. He is in hearty sympathy with the clerks and in the brief time that he has had charge, has shown himself an able administrative officer, ready and willing to meet the men under him and adjust what differences and grievances are brought to his attention by the association officers. It is predicted by all that the eighth division, which comprises the pick of the inter-mountain states as well as California, will make a record under such a chief that all may well be proud of."

"The Railway Mail association is a fraternal, beneficial as well as representative organization of railway postal clerks. It has a membership of nearly 18,000 scattered from Maine to California and from far away Alaska to Florida. Its members handle the mails of Uncle Sam on the peaceful Pacific as well as the stormy Atlantic. Two of the clerks on the unfortunate Titanic who went down to the ocean depths, were members of this association. Every railway terminus of any importance has its branch. It has paid out in death and accident claims nearly \$12,000,000 in the twenty years of its existence. Among its founders are some of the pioneers of railway mail service. The honored Assistant Chief Clerk D. M. Morrison being one of its organizers. It was primarily organized for insurance purposes, but in later years, when a representative organization was needed to present the grievances of postal clerks, it branched out into this field of opportunity, and that it has well served its members as well as the men in the service, is attested by its prosperous condition in every division through the length and breadth of the United States."

WIDOWS PAID \$2300 EACH ON DEATH OF HUSBANDS

Today Judge J. A. Howell made two orders authorizing Mrs. Cordelia Fretwell and Mrs. Lucinda E. Thompson to accept \$2300 each as settlement in full for the deaths of their husbands, Morris Fretwell and Sidney C. Thompson, both of whom were electrocuted while working in the block signal service of the Southern Pacific company.

Mr. Fretwell was killed July 27 and Mr. Thompson on August 4 of this year.

W. J. PARKER CONFERS WITH FARMERS OF HOOPER

W. J. Parker, of the Hooper Canning factory, met with the farmers of that district last night in the Hooper hall. Several matters relating to increasing the acreage of tomatoes, peas and other vegetables and the enlarging of the Hooper factory were discussed. Mr. Parker addressed the meeting and gave some valuable advice as to the raising of tomatoes of better quality for canning purposes and as to increasing the yield per acre. He said that a warehouse would be added to the Hooper factory and some additional machinery installed early in the spring.

It is thought that the meeting will result in much good to both the

farmers and the canning interests as, in addition to Mr. Parker's announcement of the enlargement of the factory, the farmers expressed a willingness to increase the acreage of tomatoes and other vegetables for canning.

WIDELY KNOWN ANGLER DEAD
San Francisco, Jan. 21.—James Watt, widely known as an Angler, died in a hospital here yesterday of angina pectoris. He was a frequent contributor to sport magazines in this country and in England. Mr. Watt was native of Scotland, where his sole survivor, a brother, George Watt, is one of the King's counselors, and lord high sheriff of Edinburgh.

REFUGEES BUSY ARRANGING CAMP

Mexican Generals Acting as Subordinates Under U. S. Army Officers—All Are Cheerful.

El Paso, Jan. 21.—With the arrival of stragglers and several carloads of their possessions, all the Mexican federal soldiers and refugees from Ojinaga, Mexico, has been interned at Fort Bliss today. The camp where the 4600 foreigners are to be kept indefinitely on the footing of prisoners of war was not quite definitely arranged, because many tents were still lacking.

General Salvador Mercado, the former Huerta military chief, with other Mexican generals, acting as subordinates of United States army officers, went about constantly to direct the soldiers in putting the camp in permanent shape.

The refugees appeared cheerful over the end of their long journey. Mexican songs mingled with the hum of industry that spread over the reservation, and even some of the Mexican generals pulled off their coats to drive tent pegs.

STEAMER TO GO THROUGH CANAL

Goethals to Send Vessel Through in April—Electrical Work to Be Finished.

Panama, Jan. 21.—The Panama canal has reached such a condition of completion that a large ocean steamer could now pass through, according to statement today by Colonel George W. Goethals.

There is thirty feet of water through the Culebra cut and the Cucaracha slide and it is Colonel Goethals' intention to send a Panama railroad steamer through the canal in April.

A circular order issued by Colonel Goethals today to go into effect on February 1, abolishes the Atlantic and Pacific divisions of the canal and construction because of the nearness of completion of the work. H. C. Cole, the engineer in charge of the Pacific division, will resign on that day. Lieutenant Colonel William L. Sibert, of the United States corps of engineers, the concrete construction engineers at Gatun locks, also loses his engineering position, but retains his seat on the Panama canal commission.

Both ends of the canal are practically completed, only the electrical installation and clearing up remaining to be finished.

MEXICAN MUNITIONS OF WAR SEIZED

Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 21.—Six thousand shako caps and as many cartridge belts said to have been intended for the uniforming of the Mexican Constitutional armies, have been seized here by United States officials. A warrant was issued today for the arrest of H. Rivers, a purchasing agent for General Venustiano Carranza, charging him with an attempt to export munitions of war into Mexico.

The caps came in nine large packing cases consigned from New York, and are of the type discarded by the United States army when the web type belt was adopted.

LIND CONFERS WITH MEXICANS

Washington, Jan. 21.—Secretary Bryan today said that the state department had been informed of a conference at Vera Cruz between Jesus Flores Magon, former minister of the interior, and John Lind, President Wilson's special envoy, but that no details or the nature of the conference had been reported.

It was presumed here that Lind's conference was one of many similar meetings he is having with representative Mexicans on possible steps in the event of the collapse of the Huerta government.

New York, Jan. 21.—Smith, Gray & Company, dealers in men's clothing, with branches in other cities, were thrown into bankruptcy by creditors today. The liabilities are estimated at \$45,000; assets at \$125,000.

SAYS SWEETHEART TRIED TO KILL HIM



Mildred Johnson and Sol H. Schachtel.

Mildred Johnson, a pretty society girl of New Lexington, O., is under arrest, charged with having shot Sol H. Schachtel, her former lover. The shooting took place in a lawyer's office, after Schachtel had refused to marry the girl. If an indictment is secured against the girl it is believed that she will plead the unwritten law.

LANE PLAN IS STOUTLY OPPOSED

Withdrawal of Radium Lands From Entry Ruinous to the Industry.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—Vigorous opposition to the proposal to withdraw radium lands from entry was made before the house mines committee today by Thomas R. Henahan, state mining commissioner of Colorado, who declared such action would ruin the radium mining industry.

"All we want is to be let alone," he declared. "We are getting out of the radium. If you tie up these lands prospectors will not go into them. As it is, ninety-nine of one hundred prospectors fail. What they need is encouragement, not discouragement, if the radium is to be mined."

Joseph M. Flannery, president of the Standard Chemical company of Pittsburg, said his company had spent in three years \$650,000 to produce two grams of radium. The grams cost \$480,000 to produce, he estimated, and brought in \$240,000. In April, he said, the company would be producing one gram a month.

"There is enough radium ore in Colorado to supply the world five times over," said Flannery. "One or two grams are needed for the whole United States. I will undertake to deliver to the government in five years from January 1, 1915, 200 grams of radium at a maximum price of \$80,000 a gram."

Flannery told the committee he had a friend "philanthropically inclined," whose name he declined to give, who was considering spending \$15,000,000 in building twenty radium hospitals in sections of the country where they would serve 66 per cent of the population. Each would be endowed with five grams of radium, not only for the treatment of cancer, but also other diseases. He said he expected a decision soon.

Flannery intimates under questioning by committee men that the man he was speaking of was neither John D. Rockefeller or Andrew Carnegie.

FRAUD CASES ARE RE-OPENED

Conspiracy to Obtain United States Coal Lands Is Charge.

Seattle, Jan. 21.—Trial of the case of the United States against Charles F. Munday and Archie W. Shiel, charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States of coal lands in the Dering river district in Alaska, was begun today. The defendants were indicted by a federal grand jury at Tacoma, October 14, 1910.

The indictment charges that on May 1, 1905, the defendants conspired to defraud the United States of the use and possession of 6087 acres of coal lands, known generally as the "Stracey" claims because of the connection of Sir Edward Stracey, member of the British parliament, and his brother, Algernon H. Stracey, with the claims. The indictment alleges that the defendants conspired

to get possession and title to this land for the benefit of private corporations known as the Alaska Development company and the Pacific Coal and Oil company. The land is 17 miles northeast of Kattala, being separated from the Cunningham claims by the Kuskutka Glacier.

Defendants were brought to trial in March, 1911, in Seattle, and Judge Hanford, who has since resigned, quashed the indictments against them. The United States supreme court unanimously reversed Judge Hanford, who had held that the land laws did not forbid assignment of entries of coal land. The cases were then reinstated.

Charles F. Munday, who was the promoter of the companies, is an attorney of Seattle, where he has lived 32 years.

STAY OF MANDATE FOR DYNAMITERS

Sentences of 24 Iron Workers Stayed Pending Supreme Court Decision.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 21.—A stay of mandate in the cases of the alleged dynamiters convicted at Indianapolis and whose demands for new trials recently was refused, was granted the defendants by the United States court of appeals here today.

The case of thirty of the defendants were appealed and new trials were ordered for six of them. Today's mandate has the effect of staying sentence in the cases of the remaining twenty-four until the supreme court of the United States passes on an appeal. Application to this court for a writ of certiorari will be made by Attorney E. N. Zoline, for the defendants on February 7. He will plead:

- 1.—That inasmuch as all of the defendants were alleged to have been linked together in the charge of conspiracy to transport dynamite, all of the defendants should have been granted new trials, instead of only six of them.
- 2.—That the defendants were doubly punished. Once for conspiracy to transport dynamite and again for the actual transportation of the explosive.
- 3.—That Orville McManis and Edward Clark, having pleaded guilty to a felony, were incompetent witnesses, and should have been tried separately.
- 4.—The offenses charged were barred by the statute of limitations at the time of the indictments.
- 5.—No federal offense was proven.
- 6.—That decisions of courts of appeal conflict in similar cases.

FIRE DEPARTMENT TO HAVE PUMP AND CHEMICAL CAR

The board of city commissioners this morning accepted a quit claim deed from Rose Kuhn for property over which a right of way has been procured for the opening of Hudson avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

The acceptance of the deed was recommended by Commissioner Chris Flygare, superintendent of streets.

Upon the recommendation of Commissioner T. Samuel Browning, capintendent of public safety, the board ordered the purchase of a combination pump, chemical and hose motor car for the fire department, at a cost of \$900, less \$700 which will be allowed as credit for the old steamer which is now being used by the department.

Commissioner Browning was appointed to represent the city at the annual convention of the State Municipal league, which will be held in Logan, January 23 and 24.

The claim of \$20 for postage stamps on the postoffice department was allowed and the auditor authorized to draw a warrant for the amount.

ACADEMY CHOIR IN SPECIAL PROGRAM

Tomorrow morning at the Weber academy, Miss Grace Price of Provo, the Weber academy choir and orchestra will give a special program, beginning at 9 o'clock.

Miss Price is a soprano of exceptional promise and is one of the soloists to be heard Friday night at the George Douglas testimonial recital in the Tabernacle.

The choir is also doing excellent work under the direction of Prof. Joseph Ballantyne and Prof. E. W. Nichols has the orchestra in good form.

The program is as follows:

- "The Oxen Minuet".....Haqden Weber Academy Orchestra, E. W. Nichols, Director
(a) "Beloved, It Is Morn".....Aylward
(b) "Lullaby (from Erminie)".....Jakobowski
(c) "I Dreamt That I Dwelt".....Baile
Miss Grace Price
Chorus, "Sweet and Low".....Barney Weber Academy Chorus, Joseph Ballantyne, Director
(d) "Love's Confession".....Greenwald Academy Orchestra
(e) "One Fine Day".....Puccini
(f) "The Cuckoo".....Lehmann
(g) "If No One Ever Marries Me".....Lehmann
Miss Price
(h) "Bells of Seville".....Jude Academy Choir

SUPPORT FOR COPPER MINERS

United Mine Workers to Join in Financial Help For Strikers.

FAMILIES CARED FOR

Dynamite "Plant" Arranged By Enemies to Help Opposition Cause.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 21.—The convention of the United Mine Workers of America today became engaged in a debate over the seating of delegates delinquent in the international assessments.

"The recent tariff measure has plunged the east into abject poverty," said Thomas Kennedy of Hazleton, Pa. "My mining district is in the mercy of the coal companies' stores, and shacks, and there is little of the miners' earnings left after the coal companies have deducted their shares."

It was finally voted that the delegates should be seated with the understanding that the local unions must pay their assessments by May 1st.

Many Men Killed.

During 1912, 2,360 men, or 3.27 for every 1,000 miners employed were killed, according to the report of W. H. Faby the statistician who said the rate in 1911 was 3.73 men for every 1,000. Figures for 1913 were not available, he said.

The production in 1912 was 534,466, 580 tons, valued at \$695,606,071.

The report of the auditing committee showed a balance in the treasury on December 1, 1913, of \$278,032.30. The expenditures for the year were \$2, 102,261.44.

More than 500 printed resolutions, which have been presented by local unions for consideration of the convention, were distributed to the delegates. The resolutions cover a range from praise of the international officers to the placing of the mine workers on an armed military basis "to protect our homes against the mine owners' standing army."

The latter resolution was presented by a union located at Crested Butte, Colo.

The list contains several resolutions demanding the immediate removal of the convention from this city and for the withdrawal of the union's funds from the local banks.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 21.—The striking copper miners in the Calumet district probably will have the financial support of the United Mine Workers during the remaining days of their fight for recognition of organized labor, according to H. G. Street, who was sent here by the mine workers to investigate the situation.

"Labor needs to win this strike," said Mr. Street today, "and I believe it will win. I have never seen men more determined than the strikers. Their families are being well cared for by their union and they do not appear to have the slightest thought of giving in."

Mr. Street declared that it was apparent that the citizens were not in sympathy with the strike because most of them were in a measure dependent on the mining companies. The fact that the strikers have held on so long in the face of this hostility, he said, indicates that they will remain steadfast.

As soon as he has visited all the locals in the copper district, Mr. Street will proceed to Indianapolis to make the report on which he expects the United Mine Workers will decide to extend financial help to the Michigan strikers.

The United Mine Workers' organization has none but coal miners in its membership. Metal miners make up the membership of the Western Federation of Miners, with which the copper country locals are affiliated. The former body already is supporting five strikes of its own. It is said:

Dynamite Packages a "Plant"
Shift Crises and his men have been unsuccessful in their efforts to find the three men who left a package containing fulminating caps and fuses in a train sent here Monday night. Union leaders declared today that they were positive that none of their men had been carrying deadly explosives around with them. They also expressed the opinion that the package was a plant arranged by their enemies for the purpose of helping their cause.

No steps have been taken yet to extradite Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, and the six other labor leaders who are under indictment for conspiracy. Government ownership of railroads and mines is demanded by the California, Pennsylvania, locals, and another resolution condemns Democratic and Republican officials and lauds the Socialist party.

ALASKAN RAILROAD PLAN DENOUNCED

Washington, Jan. 21.—Consideration of the Alaskan railroad bill was resumed today in the house and time for general debate was fixed at 13 hours. Under that program, consideration of the measure which is only on Wednesday in the house, will be concluded March 4. Representative Ferris of Oklahoma denounced the government railroad plan as a "grab."

"This plan was proposed," he said, "by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and the commercial bodies of the northwest. The Guggenheim interests are in favor of it."

GEN. VILLA TO ATTACK TORREON

Forces Ordered to Concentrate North of Torreon For Advance Southward.

TROOPS WELL EQUIPPED

Army to Open Route to Mexico City and Throne Huerta.

Chihuahua, Mex., Jan. 21.—Orders were issued by General Francisco Villa today for a concentration of rebel forces along the railroad north of Torreon. The rebels scattered in the state of Durango and Coahuila and the garrison in Juarez were ordered to join those at Chihuahua, Jimenez and Santa Rosalia, with a view of preparing a formidable front in the projected rebel advance southward.

Evidences have multiplied that the federals at Torreon are determined if possible to check the rebellion at that point. Torreon is now the northernmost federal stronghold in the heart of the republic. The federals held that if the revolutionary movement from the north is to be halted at all it must be halted there and that the loss of Torreon to the rebels would leave the way open for Villa's advance to Saltillo, Monterrey, San Luis Potosi and cities near Mexico City. Consequently, according to reports received here, the federals are drawing all their available soldiers toward Torreon in the hope of dealing a decisive blow to the rebels.

General Villa said he was not inclined to believe the federals would evacuate Torreon. He, therefore, ordered to concentrate all rebels who might be spared from the surrounding country. Within ten days, he said, his available army for the campaign would number 15,000 well equipped soldiers. General Villa, himself, expects to lead the campaign, but not until he first has visited Juarez, for which place he planned to leave today.

Rebels Within Striking Distance.

The rebels are already within striking distance of Torreon. They occupy Lerdo and Gomez Palacio, important suburbs.

The overthrow of Torreon by the rebels would leave two routes open to Mexico City. One would be directly southward through Zacatecas and Aguas Calientes. The other would be eastward through Saltillo and Monterrey, and then southward through San Luis Potosi.

Appoints Governor.

As an indication of his intention to head his troops and also as an instance of the summary manner in which he appoints important officials, General Villa, while preparing to take the train for Juarez, turned to General Manuel Chao in the state palace today and said:

"General Chao, you are now governor of the state of Chihuahua, and I leave everything in your hands while I go at the head of my troops to dethrone the usurper of our liberties."

GOMPERS URGES INVESTIGATION

Circular Letter Implores Congress to Take Up Michigan and Colorado Strikes.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Congressional investigation of the Michigan copper strike and the Colorado coal strike was urged on members of the house today by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in circular letters authorized by the executive council of the federation.

President Gompers' letters cited the recent West Virginia coal strike investigation by the senate and the Homestead strike investigation as precedents justifying action by congress in the present circumstances.

The house Democrats will meet in caucus tomorrow night to take up pending investigation resolutions. A resolution directing the senate labor committee to make a full investigation of the industrial conditions in the Colorado strike district was introduced today by Senator Thomas. The same committee conducted the inquiry into the West Virginia coal strike.

WILLIAM SULZER TO BE WITNESS

New York, Jan. 21.—William Sulzer, former governor, now an assemblyman, was the chief witness cited to appear this afternoon at the resumption here of the so-called John Doe inquiry into political graft, especially as concerns state road construction.

During the period before and after his removal as governor, Sulzer made many charges against his enemies but he did not take the stand at the impeachment proceedings and his appearance today was the first under oath. It was understood that District Attorney Whitman insisted that the witness sign a waiver of immunity.